Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XX. CHICAGO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1866. NUMBER 94.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the Southern Unionists' Convention.

ADDRESS AND RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

Marked Unanimity of Feeling.

A JOHNSON INDICTED FOR TREASON—WHAT WILL COME OF IT.

The Southern Unionists to Canvass the Northern States.

Speeches by John Minor Botts and Mr. Douglass.

The Convention Adjourned Until 10 O'clock To-day.

UNION LEAGUE HOUSE ENTIRELY DESTROYED BY FIRE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Interesting Statement in Regard to Government Finances.

LARGE DECREASE IN THE PUBLIC DEBT WITHIN THE PAST YEAR.

FROM EUROPE.

The New Canadian Contingent to be Armed with Breech Loaders.

Bank of England Rate of Discount Reduced to 5 Per Cent.

The Blockade Runner Question in the Admiralty Court.

NAPOLEON TO GIVE HIS VIEWS UPON THE STATE OF EUROPE.

Everything Progressing Finely on Board the Great Eastern.

Wisconsin Republican Congressional Conventions.

General C. C. Washburne, General Amasa Cobb and Hon. B. F. Hopkins Nominated.

SOUTHERN UNIONISTS' CONVENTION.

Finale of Wednesday Night's Demonstration—Thursday's Proceedings—The Address—Effect of Its Reading—Last Night—Speech of Texas—Adoption of the Address—Report of the Committee on Resolutions—A Tribute of Respect to the Memory of Lincoln—Great Unanimity of Feeling—The Indictment Against Jefferson Davis Quashed—Prediction Falsified—A Ruly Crowd—Adjournment for Repast [To-day.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.

Immediately upon the adjournment last night Anna Dickinson was loudly called for to fulfill her promises of yesterday. Theodore Tilton was called to the chair, and introduced the speaker in a few well chosen words. It was a novel sight to three Southern men. The fair orator has had many attentive audiences, but never one more enthusiastic. As she proceeded, it was evident that her hearers were in full sympathy with her, and that her every word fell upon the ear of a friend. She ran eloquently for the cause she upholds, and she met the usual unsparing allusion to slaughter, to tears or to scorn at will. With her strong yet womanly will, her pathetic appeals and well arranged arguments, she made said remarks in the way already done in Convention, and it scarcely admits of a doubt that had she served that as the scene of the Convention impartial suffrage would have become as much a condition of restoration, it would have been carried with a shout, so powerfully did her unorganized all who heard her.

But if this was a novel sight for Southern men, the hearty call for Fred. Douglass, to which he promptly responded, soon planted the audience at their feet before them. A few seemed reluctant to have him appear upon the platform to address the delegates, although they were not in formal session. But the enthusiasm overcame occurred; but this quickly ran its race by such an overwhelming call for him as at once checked all opposition, and it took but a few moments for the dark perfect quiet was restored, and throughout the whole address perfectly was no sign of discourtesy apparent. But the attention was given to all he said, and his humor, satire and argument were all received with wholehearted applause. He responded in an extremely radical, and well he about twice the length of the address, and it was the most brilliant effort of the evening. It was then settled in a manner highly creditable to all. Mr. Douglass spoke for over an hour. The following is a synopsis of his remarks:

MR. DOUGLASS' SPEECH.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I had intended to remain in my seat. I had a sort of a secret feeling that I have been making myself too prominent in this city during the subject of this Convention. ("Not at all.") A word as to my feelings as to the assemblage before me. I came here the same day with feelings of exhilaration toward that assembly. I am here now to say, however much I had rejoiced you, I now like you better as a popular assemblage. I like you better as a republican Convention. [Laughter.] I can scarcely get one man to differ with me as to the greatest principle which ought to be made the law of the land. When a Convention is organized by electing a President and Secretary, they must not come for the convictions of right and justice they bear as men. I wish that the members of the Convention just adjourned were half as honest and frank as is the present meeting.

There is no need for me to instruct you in your duties. There is no such thing as new truth or old truth. Truth, like the great God from whose bosom it emanates, is from everlasting to everlasting, and can never depart. [Cheers.] It is time to go in search of new truth when the old truths long recognized and professed shall be put into actual practice. [Cheers.] The time does not seem to be inscribed upon the immortal soul of man. Among other principles, is the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. I ask you not to accept the principles of a poor humble servant, but to adopt as your principles those adopted by yourselves, by your Revolutionary forefathers, by the old bell on Independence Hall, which bears the inscription, "Proclaim liberty throughout the land and to all the inhabitants thereof." [Cheers.]

Let us come back to first principles. The late rebellion—misfortune, carried on, pretended to be for the sole purpose of establishing and perpetuating a separate State in the United States—intended to make slavery national. It is the unsuccessful issue of that rebellion that brought slavery in a million homes—a rebellion that piled up a debt heavier than it is possible for you to pay—a rebellion that has filled our country with the graves of men, mutilated and maimed—that has filled 50,000 rough-made graves—that stained the earth with Southern gore. The fair orator has had many attentive audiences, but never one more enthusiastic. As she proceeded, it was evident that her hearers were in full sympathy with her, and that her every word fell upon the ear of a friend. She ran eloquently for the cause she upholds, and she met the usual unsparing allusion to slaughter, to tears or to scorn at will. With her strong yet womanly will, her pathetic appeals and well arranged arguments, she made said remarks in the way already done in Convention, and it scarcely admits of a doubt that had she served that as the scene of the Convention impartial suffrage would have become as much a condition of restoration, it would have been carried with a shout, so powerfully did her unorganized all who heard her.

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I have talked with reverend and distinguished men from the South, and they said to me, "Douglass, don't put it on us too hourly; I have pulled it out of the well, and then we will take care of you." I recollect an old story about Raynard, the fox, and the bear. Raynard got into the horns of his friend, the bear, and then began to pull out the bear's tail. [Laughter and cheers.] But which do you love to associate? Andrew Johnson? [Loud cries of "No!" "No!"] Do you not remember that Governor Bullock, and a ringing despatch from the New York State Republican Convention.

Professor HEDMAN, of Cattz, Bangor, Livingston, Canada West, says: "For the last year I have recommended his concoction and its effects have been most satisfactory. I have used it in my own family for all kinds of bowel complaints, and those present have been deeply moved by them all: best cures of them have so far as his friends are concerned, and he is to-day in the full enjoyment of health and strength."

EDWARD S. ELLIS, Esq., of Elmira, N. Y., the well known author of a number of popular books for the fireside, speaks in the highest terms of the wonderful effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters upon his own health, while the strong sentences with which it is guarded have flown like electric sparks through the arms of civilization. There have been cases in the hall here, Rosenberg, Texas, and Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, who had been a victim of chronic dyspepsia for years, and who had been so much relieved by the preparation that he had ordered a dozen bottles to be sent to his home, and he was confident that it would effect a cure. Mr. Hamilton returned to his home, and he was confident that it would effect a cure. Mr. Hamilton returned to his home, and he was confident that it would effect a cure.

Mrs. MILDRED, wife of the Rev. John Crisp, of York, has derived much great benefit from the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and Debility. She says that she has found them the most valuable and most agreeable tonic and a gentle laxative.

SAMUEL BYERS, a patriot in the new Camp, near Alexandria, Va., says the Stomach Bitters is the army as the best preparation in the country for dyspepsia. He adds that it is also a great favorite with everyone in the camp, and a preventive of almost all summer complaints.

Miscellaneous.

THE NEW

Spring and Summer Medicine

FLUID EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA,

COMBINED WITH

IODIDE OF LIME,

PREPARED FOR

G. W. PETTES, Boston.

By James R. Nichols & Co.,

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

Manufacturers of

ELIXIR PERUVIAN BARK,

With Protoxide of Iron.

Which has become so favorably known as a TONIC AND RESTORATIVE, by Physicians and Invalids in all parts of the country.

"For new preparation, "SARSAPARILLA IN COMBINATION WITH IODIDE OF LIME," possesses all the tonic properties claimed for sarsaparilla, in a more palatable form, and with the addition of the iodide of lime, it is a most valuable alterative, acting directly upon the system, and this is universally admitted to be the most valuable of all the blood purifiers."

Under these circumstances, who can wonder that the feeble should seek for strength, or the ill health, outside of the professional "Ghoul;" or, having found a "balm" in the preparation which in the course of time compounded, they should call the machinations of the pharmacopeia, which those who prescribe them acknowledge to be generally unavailing, and consider dangerous and to

HOSTETTER'S

Stomach Bitters

Have been about fourteen years before the public under the most favorable circumstances, and have attained a popularity unprecedented in the history of medicine. Their sale throughout the United States, Canada, the West Indies, Central and South America, Europe and Australia is unparalleled, and their use is steadily increasing in all parts of the world.

It is admirably adapted to a large number of forms of more affections peculiar to children. It is soothing to them, both by the delicious and obliging of medicinal effect and the pleasant, attractive form of the remedy. It may be given for a long period when constitutional disturbances are evolved, and to invigorate or disturb them to such the system, experience. In Worm Fevers, Rash, Bowel Diseases, and Incursions of the Spleen, it should be given particularly, in moderate doses, until relief is obtained.

In the Spring of The Year, and during the Warm Weather,

The use immediate of similar power in the system seems to necessitate and call for the treatment. Persons who, Headache, Boils, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Joints, Indigestion, etc., are very common. Nothing ever devised is better adapted to counteract or drive of these affections than this new combination of SARSAPARILLA WITH IODIDE OF LIME.

No preparation that we ever which supercedes preeminence so well, as an

Alterative, or Blood Purifier,

Has ever before been placed within the reach of invalids. Indeed, it has an entirely NEW and SCIENTIFIC combination, and is to respect recommending hitherto employed.

An opinion of Analytic character, thoroughly reliable, and of the highest character, is a circular, which can be had of the proprietor and of druggists generally.

FOR SALE IN

CHICAGO BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CANCERS CURED.

DR. MCINTOSH, Professor of the Northwestern College of Medicine, Chicago, Ill., has discovered a new and certain remedy for the cure of Cancers, Tumors, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Fistula, Piles, and all diseases of the blood. He can be consulted at his office, No. 115 Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill., or by letter. Send for circular.

WHISKERS,

DR. LAWRENCE'S CHEMICAL will force WHISKERS to grow on the smoothest face in from 20 to 40 days. Sent by express, secure from observation, on receipt of $1. Address DR. LAWRENCE, Box 5,132, New York City.

WANTED—Agents—Book Agents

Wanted in every county in the United States and Canada. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

COLGATE'S AROMATIC VEGETABLE

SOAP. Delicately perfumed and unsurpassed for the toilet and bath. For sale by druggists generally. Manufactured by COLGATE & CO., New York.

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Hyde Park, Mass. The next term begins WEDNESDAY, Sept. 19th, with full corps of teachers. Circulars may be obtained at 78 Washington-st., Boston, or of the Principal, Miss A. P. PEIRCE.

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PORTABLE CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, Grain Mulling, Cane Mills and Shelling, Wood Working Machinery, Iron Planers, Etc. Office and Warerooms, Nos. 22 and 24 Water-st., Cincinnati, O.

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THE AMERICAN REGISTRATION CODE

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UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME,

NEAR SOUTH BEND, INDIANA.

STANDARD PREPARATIONS

Of the best class, brought the highest commendations of the profession. No one should be without them in a family. They are certain to please.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

Stomach Bitters

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

HOSTETTER & SMITH,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

PROTECTION

MEDICATION

"Protective and reparative, and therefore" is a maxim that is the good in the science of medicine, as in the science of government. For years there existed a popular error that mercury was a necessary agent in purifying the blood, and that the system could not be thoroughly cleansed of its impurities without the use of this mineral. Many patients in order to obtain the desired result, submitted to a course of mercurial treatment, which, while it did indeed purify the blood, left the system a prey to a host of worse diseases than those it was intended to cure. Many of these victims of ignorance and quackery are now to be found in every city, town and village in the country, who, if they could only be induced to try the experiment, would find in

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TESTIMONY

OF A

FEW WELL KNOWN CITIZENS

SELECTED

From a mass of letters, a few choice ones which would fill an entire volume.

Mrs. F. B. E. N. SOUTHWORTH, the celebrated author, writes that, when a martyr to chronic dyspepsia and nervous headache, brought on by incessant literary labor, she tried the Bitters, at the suggestion of a friend, and now, for her own benefit, she can speak with confidence of "medicine" for her own use. The cure they effected was remarkable, and she has since recommended them to many of her friends as "a standard family medicine."

JOHN W. HEMINGWAY, Esq., Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Taxes and Duties, in the State of Maine, testifies that he was a sufferer from dyspepsia of a terrible type that during six years no one night of uninterrupted sleep; for the last two years he was unable to perform his duties as a paymaster he prevailed to resign. He further that a certain cure will always result from the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

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New Advertisements.

Dry Goods.

Dry Goods.

Dry Goods.

PUTNEY, KNIGHT & HAMLIN,

WILL OPEN THEIR

NEW AND ELEGANT STORE,

Nos. 105 and 107 LAKE-ST.,

ON

MONDAY,

SEPTEMBER 10th.

OUR STOCK

WILL COMPRISE THE

CHOICEST SELECTIONS

OF

FINE GOODS

IN EACH AND EVERY

DEPARTMENT,

To be Found in the Western Market.

PUTNEY, KNIGHT & HAMLIN,

105 and 107 Lake-st.,

CHICAGO.

OUR RECENT RECEIPTS OF

STEINWAY

PIANOS being almost exhausted, and the demand unabated, it will be well for those desirous of purchasing one of these matchless instruments to make their orders as soon as possible.

SMITH & NIXON,

Cor. Clark and Washington-sts., Chicago.

Dr. S. J. CARPENTER,

(Formerly of Philadelphia,)

Practitioner of Medicine & Surgery

120 SOUTH CLARK-ST.,

Devotes his whole time to the treatment of

Catarrh, Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Nervous Maladies, Female Difficulties, Throat, Liver, Heart and Kidneys,

DISEASES OF THE EAR,

Hearing or Hearing Noises in the Head.

Office Hours, from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. From 2 to 6 p. m.

FOR SALE IN STORE.

FOR SALE TO ARRIVE

ROBERT L. FAHAN,

MERCHANDISE BROKER,

81 South Waterst.

MARRIAGE CARDS,

THE NEW STYLE OF

Frosted Wedding & Visiting Cards,

WITH THE

ORIENTAL TIE,

To be had only at

W. J. WHITE'S ENGRAVING OFFICE,

German Steam Bakery.

All kinds of bread, rolls, etc., constantly on hand. Orders promptly attended to. 1 Fifth-ave., Chicago.

PUTNAM,

116 and 118 Randolph-st.,

Has just replenished his stock of Clothing with a fine selection of Garments from the Eastern Markets.

THIS IS THE

ORIGINAL

ONE-PRICE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

Where entire satisfaction is always given to all customers.

All are requested to call and examine our stock for themselves.

DO NOT FORGET THE PLACE,

Nos. 116 & 118 Randolph-st.,

CHICAGO, ILL.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

PIANOS

At Cost Price.

Having bought a very large stock of Rose Mantz and Musical Instruments in Justice during the late Gorham sale, we are enabled to offer every in every possible way. Our well-assorted stock of

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons

Will be sold during September and October

AT COST PRICE.

SIEGFELD, GERARD & CO.,

133 Dearborn-st. (corner Madison), Chicago.

WISNER'S

NEW

DINING ROOMS,

No. 83 Randolph-st.,

ARE NOW OPEN.

The Proprietor would call the attention of the public to his Dining Room, as containing some of the best accommodations for dining to be found in the city. Meals served at all hours. Ladies' dining room and kitchen attached.

The prices will be as favorable as any other establishment of the kind in the city, and will be under the personal supervision of the proprietor.

MR. STANLEY,

LATE OF KINSLER'S.

Day boarders taken at prices to suit the times.

LADIES ATTENTION!

Perfection of Mechanism has been at last obtained in the Manufacture of

W. E. Burlock & Co.'s

ARIEL HOOP SKIRT.

SUCH IS THE LIGHTNESS

Of these skirts, that the wearer is not conscious of having on anything more than an ordinary skirt of the best quality.

The number of consultations for and highly commended by the Ladies, is the best evidence of their merit. The graceful form given a graceful appearance to the wearer.

Their durability they cannot be questioned, being bound with tape, and every thread fast.

The perfect fastenings render them the premium skirt for use, as they can be adjusted to wear of any length.

Their pliability will admit of their being worn in the smallest space, rendering them the most desirable for traveling, as no inconvenience is experienced in the use of them.

Ladies should see that they have none but

W. E. BURLOCK & CO'S ARIEL HOOP SKIRT.

BOOT & SHOE HOUSE

—OF—

DOGGETT, BASSETT, & HILLS,

ESTABLISHED 1846.

We are prepared to offer the FALL TRADE the largest and best stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In the West, to which we invite the attention of CASH BUYERS.

FACTORY OVER SALESROOMS

29 and 31 Lake-st.,

CORNER WABASH-AV.

DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS.

FALL, 1866. FALL, 1866.

KING, CARHART & CO.

ARE OFFERING

Hats, Caps and Furs of all the Latest Styles at Lower Prices than any Hat House West of New York. Call and Examine, and you will find the above strictly true.

94 LAKE-ST., CHICAGO

VISITORS FROM THE COUNTRY,

and all who do not approve of "My Policy," should Buy the

NEW SONG AND CHORUS,

BREAD AND BUTTER

It can be had at all Music Stores, or mailed on receipt of the price, by

LYON & HEALY, Publishers,

Clark and Washington-sts., Chicago.

REED'S TEMPLE OF MUSIC

88 RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO.

CHICKERING PIANOS

A Curious Circumstance.

A NEW SONG.

Composed by OTTO LOE. Price 35 cents.

SKATING WALTZ.

Also by T. DISBROW. Price 35 cents. Played at the Skating Rink, by Disbrow's Cornet Band. Chicago.

Published by SIEGFELD, GERARD & CO., 133 Dearborn-st. (corner Madison), Chicago.

The two pieces will be mailed to any part, free of postage, on receipt of 60 cents.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION

CO.—The Stockholders of the Northern Transportation Co. are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of Directors will be held at the office of the Company, in LOWELL, Alva Stover, Money, Will leave on FRIDAY, September 7th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

FULLER, WARREN & CO.,

STOVE FOUNDERS.

We are now prepared to fill orders PROMPTLY for

P. P. STEWART'S

WELL-KNOWN

Cooking and Parlor Stoves,

AT

53 State-st., Chicago.

STARK MILLS A.

COTTON SEAMLESS BAGS.

J. & H. CHAPMAN,

120 SOUTH WATER-ST.

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WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE

AWARDED THE

FIRST PREMIUM

AT THE

WORLD'S FAIR,

LONDON,

WHERE ALL SEWING MACHINES OF ANY NOTE, BOTH EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN, WERE IN COMPETITION.

The yearly sales of Wheeler & Wilson are equal to the sales of all other Sewing Machines combined.

[From the London Times.]

The Wheeler & Wilson machine is the best adapted for family use. UNDER THE LOCK STITCH SYSTEM, of which the LOCK STITCH is both sides of the goods.

[From the Scientific American.]

We use the Wheeler & Wilson, and pronounce it without a rival.

ARTHUR FARRAR,

AGENT,

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REMOVAL.

THE EMPIRE LINE

Have removed their Office to

No. 52 South Clark-st.,

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HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS,

Umbrellas, Wool Hoods, Tidies,

Buffalo Robes and Buck Goods.

In the variety of styles, qualities, and prices will always be found at the lowest market rates. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Goods sold at wholesale only.

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45 and 47 Lake-st.

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Chicago Manufacturers

AND JOBBERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

The best in the market.

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Lowrison A Page, Assessors, 3 St., Preston A Co., Lumber, 14 and 3 Sts., Chicago, Ill.

Bags of all Kinds and Descriptions.

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COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

A large assortment of the best makes of SEASONS 1866-67, for Coal or Wood.

House Furnishing Goods.

New Goods direct from Manufactory.

Fine Japanned and Stamped Tinware.

Tinners' Stock and Tools.

Wood Stoves, Hollow Ware, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT

DALTON & CO'S,

71 LAKE-ST.

NOTICE.

Notice of the County Clerk of Cook County:

All parties having claims against the County of Cook are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, at his office, in the City Hall, in Chicago, for allowance.

Chicago, Sept. 1, 1866.

Wholesale Millinery.

At the lowest cash prices for Fall 10, cotton country, at 45 and 47 Lake-st.

KEITH BROTHERS.

CALIFORNIA.

New York and Chicago, Chicago and New York, via Panama Railroad and Steamships.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Line of Steamers will be as follows:

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No. 14 Broadway, 63 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SPECIAL CASH RATES.

Tribune Building, one column, per month ..... $ 40

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Chicago Tribune.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICE, 51 AND 53 CLARK ST.

Campaign Weekly Tribune.

During the coming campaign we will send our Weekly, in packages of ten or upwards, to one address, at the following prices:

From [illegible] to [illegible] at [illegible] each.
From [illegible] to [illegible] at [illegible] each.
From [illegible] to [illegible] at [illegible] each.
From Oct. 1 to Nov. 1 at [illegible] each.

Address, TRIBUNE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1866.

FAREWELL, ANDREW JOHNSON.

Andrew Johnson has visited the grave of Douglas, and we have bidden him Welcome! To-day he will go home, and we bid him Farewell. The people of Chicago have received him with feelings in which respect for the representative of Costigan Green has been mingled with indignation for the principal under therein. The expression of public feeling instead Andrew Johnson may be, must or moment of weakness, should yield to the pressure, and expose the Copperhead-rebel schemes of reconstruction, the last of all millions of unpurchasable, naturalized freemen would not falter or pause in their grand march forward. The defection and fall of those six children would be deplored *for their own sake*. They would be regarded as men who had committed suicide; but the great nations would still move on, as insensible as the march of Sherman's army to the sea—keeping step to the music of Liberty and Union. The mighty strength of Samson lay in his locks. When they were cut Delilah to shear them off his strength was instantly gone, and the Philistines easily bound him with withes, put out his eyes and made him grind in the prison house of his enemies. The proof-given powers of Great Ies in the *popular confidence* to be his *locks of freedom and equality*. When that confidence is betrayed he will become as weak as common man; his power will be lost; his influence will vanish like mist. Johnson and Seward are living, startling examples of the utter ruin and wreck of rebellion and influence that follows faithlessness and apostacy. Where is the true loyal man to-day so poor as to envy their eminence? One more service is required, but a grain of sand to a mountain when weighed against a mighty people who love justice, right and freedom.

SHARP PRACTICE.

There is nothing which cuts Seward more to the quick than popular applause when he travels about in search of adulation. Along the road between New York city and Niagara Falls, it was observed that few people would take to see Seward, or if they did, he made his appearance. A trick was resorted to between Niagara Falls and Chicago on the part of the managers, to introduce Grant and Seward in company, which worked charmingly. The crowd was sure to vociferate at the top of their lungs when GRANT and Seward were presented; but shortly some part of the shouts would die away, the interest for the great General, and not for the abolition apostate; but Seward could better himself when he found that the cries were for "Grant, Auburn," and this gave him a pretext to inflict a "speech" on the crowd, in which he never failed to puff Johnson and himself, or to denounce that Congress was "my enemy."

The same sort of shabby practice was played on the old "sea dog," Farragut. Nobody wanted to see poor old Wales, now far gone in his dotage. What Farragut was to the country, Wales was to the navy, but at once had was thrown away when he turned his coat and left the Republican party for the ranks of rebellion. He is of no use to us longer, since then he has fallen into the supreme contempt of the loyal masses, who simply wish to forget him. But the old sea-dog's vanity was hurt at the neglect of the people, so he was hitched to Admiral Farragut, and the two were introduced at the same time to the people. This was a shabby, weak-minded, unmanly trick, a chance to believe that he possessed a portion of the popular respect and attention, which he don't—not a bit of it. Al ways of the dropping into poetry, he seems to inflict broad-and-buttermut Randall, and renegade Doolittle, on the people, by placing them in Grant or Farragut's coat tails, but it was to no purpose. The people saw as odious in the eyes of the people of the West as Johnson formerly said "treason" was odious in the eyes of the people of the South. They were unable to take the disgusting imposition that greeted them was a beggarly display of knock-kneed lungs and Chinese imitations, in front of a military hotel; and while, in the very presence of the Admiral, the assistance of high office, the loyal men of this community stood with uncovered heads and reverential feelings, while the scene of the largest and noblest political gathering ever witnessed on the continent. Instead of the expensive shows and, were wildly drunk by and almost literally the youth could have smoked them, the air rang for miles with the glad hurrahs of freemen's ten thousand voices were singing "We Will Rally Round the Flag," and sixty thousand loyal men were shouting out their appreciation of the people's representative in Congress, and their detestation of the last treason of Andrew Johnson and his fellow conspirators.

Justices of the shadows and the darkness of night, and the sun will appear for the itinerant Dictator and his Court, the streets of the good Quaker City were ablaze with light. Colonel after column of the brave boys in blue of Pennsylvania marched in Colonel after column, in Washington, marched, bright with drum to, through the whole length of the city, and through the whole night the streets were filled with the tramp of the sturdy soldiery. Lastly, transparencies, national flags, Roman candles, carri d by the same men who carried muskets in the war against the Copperheads in the Commonwealth, many hard-fought fields. Against him or the whole power and patronage of a Federal Government, assisted by the Democracy, the "Boys in Blue," the same who followed Meade, and Grant, and Sherman, and all who believe the Fruits of our bloody victories over Treason should not be thrown away in the lights that blazed up along the streets of Philadelphia in the banners that were raised that night, in the cheers that rent the air, and in the tramp of sixty thousand loyal voices, we may read the assurance of a splendid victory in the Keystone State, next October.

The effect of this great demonstration I now-stands by the attendance of Fanny Seward, Wilkes, Secretary Welles and Postmaster Randall. It is the people's protest against the vagaries and fearful insults he has heaped upon loyal men, in his recent speeches. It is a rebuke to the Copperheads, who have had the audacity to call him a patriot, and believe that he has been driven, and only the beginning of the uprising of the millions. It indicates an overwhelming, a decisive majority for Union, reconstruction, and, what, as invaluable strength that will appal the Washington conspirators, and cheer the hearts and strengthen the hands of the Union party throughout the land. Philadelphia has certainly taken the lead in assembling the Union hosts for the coming struggle, and in displaying an enthusiasm in the imperiled cause that is worthy of old Independence Hall; worthy of the men who presented the first country-seat for the liberties of the world, and which will be right the battles of the Republic.

All persons desirous of making Western investments would do well to look South. On the line connecting the Southern ports of Mobile and New Orleans; with the Pacific coast, via the Texas Pacific Railroad, now in process of construction. How it is to reduce the distance between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and how it is to develop the immense resources of the States of Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and California, will be explained in a pamphlet, to be issued in a few days, by the Texas Pacific Railroad Company, and which will be sent free to any address. Apply to or address Thomas Durant, Chicago, Ill.

THE GREAT MEETING IN PHILADELPHIA.

While Andrew Johnson and William H. Seward were in Chicago, on Wednesday evening, riding through streets that were contemptuously darkened by order of the Mayor, in token that greeted them was a beggarly display of knock-kneed lungs and Chinese imitations, in front of a military hotel; and while, in the very presence of the Admiral, the assistance of high office, the loyal men of this community stood with uncovered heads and reverential feelings, while the scene of the largest and noblest political gathering ever witnessed on the continent. Instead of the expensive shows and, were wildly drunk by and almost literally the youth could have smoked them, the air rang for miles with the glad hurrahs of freemen's ten thousand voices were singing "We Will Rally Round the Flag," and sixty thousand loyal men were shouting out their appreciation of the people's representative in Congress, and their detestation of the last treason of Andrew Johnson and his fellow conspirators.

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ATTEMPT TO INVEIGLE GRANT.

A despatch, announcing the arrival of "Generals" Custer and Sheridan at Detroit, mentions that a proposition was made to have accompanied the Presidential party from Washington all the way around to Chicago, expressly himself as desirous of having Grant associated with Johnson and discouraged for the prospects of the Copperhead party. He speaks of Johnson as a narrow, vulgar, illiterate demagogue, a man of low, mean ideas and principles, who set out from the White House on a grand electioneering excursion, confidently expecting to revolutionize the North and, what better his reason for But, says this gentlemen, he has most shockingly botched and ruined the whole thing. He has embittered and aroused the opponents and disgusted and disheartened many by his incendiary harangues and ill-operative denunciation of the Republican Union party.

The same gentleman added that Johnson, Seward, Randall and Doolittle made a "dead set" on General Grant to inveigle him into committing himself to "my policy." He was closely surrounded by the conspirators, and every species of influence and appliance, fair and foul, were applied to capture the great chieftain. If there is any potency in "ostensible reasons" the General fail its weight; but, so far as mortal eye penetrate, he has resisted the conspiracies as triumphantly as the Savior did the temptations of Satan.

Admiral Farragut has not escaped similar appliances to entrap and commit him to the copper-rebel programme. Those three true great popular heroes can be seduced away from the side of the Union people,—the White House plotters feel that their precious rebel conspiracy must end in a failure, and come to naught. They have risked everything on the game they are playing, and have become perfectly frantic and desperate.

But even if Grant and Farragut, in evil hour or moment of weakness, should yield to the pressure, and espouse the Copperhead-rebel schemes of reconstruction, the last of all millions of unpurchasable, naturalized freemen would not falter or pause in their grand march forward. The defection and fall of those six children would be deplored *for their own sake*. They would be regarded as men who had committed suicide; but the great nations would still move on, as insensible as the march of Sherman's army to the sea—keeping step to the music of Liberty and Union. The mighty strength of Samson lay in his locks. When they were cut Delilah to shear them off his strength was instantly gone, and the Philistines easily bound him with withes, put out his eyes and made him grind in the prison house of his enemies. The proof-given powers of Great Ies in the *popular confidence* to be his *locks of freedom and equality*. When that confidence is betrayed he will become as weak as common man; his power will be lost; his influence will vanish like mist. Johnson and Seward are living, startling examples of the utter ruin and wreck of rebellion and influence that follows faithlessness and apostacy. Where is the true loyal man to-day so poor as to envy their eminence? One more service is required, but a grain of sand to a mountain when weighed against a mighty people who love justice, right and freedom.

Lost.—Somewhere on the road between New York and Chicago, "The Constitution and the Flag." Any person finding them, and returning them to A. Johnson, or W. H. Seward, will be amply rewarded with bread and butter. If returned to the latter, it should be done within sixty days, as he does not hold himself responsible for anything beyond that time.

☞ An attempt was made by the Copperheads of the Common Council of Cleveland on Tuesday night to pass a resolution condemning the action of the people for talking back to A. Johnson. The Republicans refused to do it unless the President was included in the vote of censure. This squelched it.

☞ A. Johnson at Niagara Falls said: "It is not the President who moves among the people now. [A cry out, take the President about with me."

That is the reason why Chicago failed to receive him, probably.

☞ The "humble individual" said in his Sherman House speech, on Wednesday night, that "Chicago was capable of doing big things." Let the "humble individual" pull till the second of November, and he will see exactly how big a thing Chicago can do.

☞ It is said that the "humble individual" referred to Seward as he was the people cheering for Grant: "Seward, this is really wonderful."

☞ The Height of Misery—A Johnson sitting on Clark street, hearing the people cheer for Grant.

DANFORTH'S GENERATOR.

Annual Meeting of the Company to be Held Soon.

(Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.)

New York, September 8.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders of Danforth's celebrated Steam Generator Company is now in session at No. 51 Broadway, in this city. The officers for the ensuing year are: Horace Allen, President; H. S. Allen, Secretary; James Johnson, Treasurer; Lewis Danforth, General Agent. Mr. J. G. Hamilton, of Chicago, was present. Mr. Danforth, in response to a call, read his report to the meeting, which was very full and explicit, showing the progress of the enterprise, and the great success which has attended the operations of the Company. The report was unanimously adopted, which will have the effect to place the Company on a firmer basis than ever before.

FROM LA CROSSE, WIS.

Republican Congressional Nomination.

(By Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.)

LA CROSSE, Wis., Sept. 6.

The Sixth District Congressional Convention met here to-day, Hon. E. D. Barrett, of Polk county, presiding. C. C. Washburn was nominated by acclamation.

The nomination was made unanimous and concurring Andrew Johnson's policy, platform adopted, and were unanimously adopted.

FROM QUINCY, ILLINOIS.

The Railroad Bridge Across the Mississippi a Fixed Fact—Grand Arrangements.

QUINCY, Illinois, Sept. 6.—The bridge across the Mississippi river at this point is now a fixed fact. The draw is completed, and the locomotive has been across it. The bridge is a splendid structure, and connects the railroad system of the northeastern and southwestern portions of the State. The Great Northwestern railway will be completed to this point in a few days, and the connection of the two roads will be made complete.

Arrangements are now being made for a grand celebration of the event, to take place on the 17th inst. Governor Oglesby, Senator Yates, Governor Fenton, and other distinguished men will be present. Addresses will be made, and the occasion will be one of great interest.

THE DOUGLAS MONUMENT.

Laying of the Corner-Stone Yesterday—The Interesting Ceremonies.

The Gathering and Procession—Imposing Display of the Masonic Fraternity.

The Grave of Douglas—Appearance of the Grove—An Immense Gathering.

Cool Reception of President Johnson.

The Full Masonic Architectural Rite Performed by the Grand Lodge of the State of Illinois.

Oration by Major General John A. Dix—Eulogy on Douglas—Full Review of the Life, Actions and Character of the Distinguished Statesman.

Speeches by President Johnson, Secretary Seward, Admiral Farragut and Major General Meade.

PRESENTATION OF GENERAL GRANT AND HON. GIDEON WELLES—ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE GENERAL.

History of the Movement to Honor the Memory of Douglas—Description of the Monument.

The ceremonies of laying the corner-stone of the monument to Senator Douglas, took place yesterday, commencing about 10 o'clock, and continued until after three o'clock. The most solemn and interesting occasion attracted an assemblage of thirty thousand people, many of whom had come from distant parts of the State, to pay their respect for the memory of one of the most gifted and popular statesmen of Illinois. The skies smiled auspiciously in the morning, giving promise of a clear and beautiful day—a promise that proved in some degree delusive, as before the ceremonies were over the clouds began to gather, and a few drops fell, but not enough to cause clouds, and just at their termination there was a slight shower. Nevertheless, the threatening aspect of the weather did not drive the people from the grounds, but the number of persons present was greatly diminished.

At a late meeting of the Committee of Arrangements, it was resolved to request the President and Cabinet, Lieutenant General Grant, Admiral Farragut, Major General Meade, Governor Fenton, Governor Oglesby, Governor Yates, Governor Cox, Governor Randall, Governor Bross, Governor Hoss, Governor Bissell, Governor Crittenden, Governor Gamble, Governor Brownlow, Governor Stone, Governor Saxton, Governor Hall, Governor Parker, Governor Hamilton, Governor Pierpont, Governor Boreman, Governor Cummings, Governor Farnsworth, Governor Boutwell, Governor Bullock, Governor Crapo, Governor Blair, Governor Fairchild, Governor Harvey, Governor Lewis, Governor Ashley, Governor Faulkner, Governor Wells, Governor Hunt, Governor Smith, Governor Throckmorton, Governor Hamilton, Governor Pease, Governor Hubbard, Governor Hamilton, Governor Sharkey, Governor Parsons, Governor Walker, Governor Patton, Governor Holden, Governor Worth, Governor Brown, Governor Orr, Governor Perry, Governor Aiken, Governor Jenkins, Governor Magrath, Governor Pickens, Governor Manning, Governor Allen, Governor Moore, Governor Wells, Governor Moore, Governor Shorter, Governor Watts, Governor Harris, Governor Brown, Governor Vance, Governor Graham, Governor Worth, Governor Brown, Governor Johnson, Governor Brown

THE CAMPAIGN IN HEBRON.

GRAND DEMONSTRATION AT CRESCENT CORNERS.

Speech of General John A. Logan will speak at

.....Monday, September 10.
.....Tuesday, September 11.
Hon. Samuel J. Randall and Hon. Reverdy Johnson will speak at the following
.....Friday, September 14.
.....Saturday, September 15.
.....Monday, September 17.
.....Tuesday, September 18.
.....Wednesday, September 19.
.....Thursday, September 20.
.....Friday, September 21.
.....Saturday, September 22.
.....Monday, September 24.
.....Tuesday, September 25.
.....Wednesday, September 26.
.....Thursday, September 27.
.....Friday, September 28.
.....Saturday, September 29.
.....Monday, October 1.
.....Tuesday, October 2.
.....Wednesday, October 3.
.....Thursday, October 4.
.....Friday, October 5.
.....Saturday, October 6.
.....Monday, October 8.
.....Tuesday, October 9.
.....Wednesday, October 10.
.....Thursday, October 11.
Hon. Lyman Trumbull and Hon. F. A. Eastwill speak as follows:
.....Saturday, September 8.
.....Monday, September 10.
.....Tuesday, September 11.
.....Wednesday, September 12.
.....Thursday, September 13.
.....Friday, September 14.
Hon. Shelby M. Cullom will speak at the next
at El Paso and Clinton.
Hon. Lyman Turnbull and E. S. Taylor,
will speak at
.....Saturday, September 8.
.....Monday, September 10.
.....Tuesday, September 11.
.....Wednesday, September 12.
.....Thursday, September 13.
.....Friday, September 14.
.....Saturday, September 15.
.....Monday, September 17.
.....Tuesday, September 18.
.....Wednesday, September 19.
.....Thursday, September 20.
.....Friday, September 21.
.....Saturday, September 22.
.....Monday, September 24.
.....Tuesday, September 25.
.....Wednesday, September 26.
.....Thursday, September 27.
.....Friday, September 28.
.....Saturday, September 29.
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.....Wednesday, October 3.
.....Thursday, October 4.
.....Friday, October 5.
.....Saturday, October 6.
.....Monday, October 8.
.....Tuesday, October 9.
.....Wednesday, October 10.
.....Thursday, October 11.
General Edward Kitchell will speak at the
stings at Olney, Kitchell and Flora.
Hon. John F. Farnsworth, Hon. P.
ennett and Hon. J. B. Hawley, will speak
as follows:
.....Tuesday, September 11.
.....Wednesday, September 12.
.....Thursday, September 13.
.....Friday, September 14.
.....Saturday, September 15.
.....Monday, September 17.
.....Tuesday, September 18.
.....Wednesday, September 19.
.....Thursday, September 20.
.....Friday, September 21.
.....Saturday, September 22.
.....Monday, September 24.
.....Tuesday, September 25.
.....Wednesday, September 26.
.....Thursday, September 27.
.....Friday, September 28.
.....Saturday, September 29.
.....Monday, October 1.
.....Tuesday, October 2.
.....Wednesday, October 3.
.....Thursday, October 4.
.....Friday, October 5.
.....Saturday, October 6.
.....Monday, October 8.
.....Tuesday, October 9.
.....Wednesday, October 10.
.....Thursday, October 11.
Hon. S. W. Moulton and Hon. A. C. Harry will speak at
.....Friday, September 7.
.....Saturday, September 8.
.....Monday, September 10.
.....Tuesday, September 11.
.....Wednesday, September 12.
.....Thursday, September 13.
.....Friday, September 14.
.....Saturday, September 15.
.....Monday, September 17.
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.....Thursday, October 4.
.....Friday, October 5.
.....Saturday, October 6.
.....Monday, October 8.
.....Tuesday, October 9.
.....Wednesday, October 10.
.....Thursday, October 11.
Hon. Samuel W. Moulton and General C.
Applecourt will speak as follows:
.....Monday, September 17.
.....Tuesday, September 18.
.....Wednesday, September 19.
.....Thursday, September 20.
.....Friday, September 21.
.....Saturday, September 22.
.....Monday, September 24.
.....Tuesday, September 25.
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.....Saturday, October 6.
.....Monday, October 8.
.....Tuesday, October 9.
.....Wednesday, October 10.
.....Thursday, October 11.

The weather was quite unpropitious yesterday for trotting, so much so that it was generally believed in the city that there would be no race. This rendered doubly strong the fact that a new revolutionary body armed with usurped powers, the impeachment of the President may be invoked for the suppression of the meeting. What is there within its own corrupt and lawless resolves to restrain that assemblage of fanatics and demagogues from any act of enormity of folly and dissipation? With the same recklessness of right and reason with which they have usurped their seats and their powers they may authorize their agents to arrest three prominent citizens as distasteful or inconvenient to them, they will seek to eject Senator Doolittle from his seat and he will be compelled to appeal to the people against the usurpations of the Southern Congress and packed Committees will please provide spunkers and newspapers from our vicinity to the other.

JAMES P. BOND, Secretary.

THE LOYAL CONVENTION.

Immense Assemblage—The Prayer of Bishop Simpson—Its Moral Influence—The Great Convention—Importance of their Work—Grandeur of their Rendezvous.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]
PHILADELPHIA, September 8, 1866.

There the sympathies of Philadelphia are this political campaign, and "where my treasure will be on election day, this morning's paper will be an unmistakable index. The entire city, who serve a State in prosperity, is now under the occupation of the Johnson Convention. Filled to the brim of the occupation of Seward's and Johnson, did not bring. In the aggregate, much good will to the soldiers or aid to the cause of the Southern Union Convention has not. Philadelphia believes with the late Governor of Tennessee that "treason should be made odious," and that "traitors should be made to suffer." Has will vote where they will, and I cannot doubt that to-day has put thousands to General Geary's majority. I may be true that these Southern Unionists have no constituency. Johnson's policy has destroyed the spirit of manhood even in the South, and if the people of the South are rebellion could not terrify. It may that the loyalists are few in number, but that man is a host in himself. Moreover, the call of this Convention is the loyal nation to the assistance in the one case of the Executive, and their duty cannot but have its silent and stirring influence, even if every township of the State were to be represented.

The differences between the men—those of the counter-rebel Convention and those of this loyal Convention—the difference between the
classes of men, is strikingly shown by the
ing with which each of the Hotels, and
ding the meeting of its Convention.
politicians of the dirty order are accus-
to come at religious and religious oc-
ons, but not the heart of the people
ere is different, and the people support
Union party with a unanimity which
ers the country in the future.
Who regards the former relative to
Suttolk. That eminent Copperhead pa-
Mr. Richard D. Wood, of the city of
ia, as it is reported he did when in
of last evening's work, "Go to h—ll
your Congress and your people; but
the Pinta People of Mr. Lincoln
great love—the men who make and
for the first time, the Executive of
Almighty Arm is an opponent not
beaten. Victory may seem slow in
ut it comes, but "then at last makes all
even," and it is as rare to come as the
to rise.
think that prayer meeting of last even-
one of the most notable events since the
of the war. The telegraph has given
country an abstract of the prayers
the patriotic Bishop of Philadelphia,
but it could not show the spirit of
meeting—could not tell how deeply
ed the assembled thousands, how the
seemed to surprise everybody, and
more than those who were chiefly in-
in calling it. Many in the audience
for the meeting originated with the
men now. They suggested it with fear
hesitation. "We wanted," said one of
to me, "to speak and pray
other—we could not find
how the few true Union men, who gath-
from time to time, in the town, used to
together in earnest conference, would only
from speech in low voices, and with a
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A Southern Exposition of It.

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JAMES P. BOND, Secretary.

GREAT STORM IN OHIO.

Enormous Destruction and Damages to Property.

Inundation of Deer Creek and Millcreek Valleys—The Lamentable Miscreation Overwhelm the Dead in the Streets.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial, Sept. 7.]

The copious rains which poured down upon the city and suburbs yesterday morning inflicted an immense damage, and the strongest property which is estimated at hundreds of thousands of dollars. The storm swept down in such torrents as between four and six o'clock, the rain falling in perfect ice cats, causing grade, rails and gutters to fill up and overflow with great rapidity.

DAMAGE IN DEER CREEK VALLEY.

In the eastern part of the city, known as Deer Creek Valley, or Brownsville, the damage caused was very heavy, and it is estimated at from $100,000 to $150,000.

On the old bed of the creek, which is now nearly fifty feet in some places from the surface of the ground, was built many years ago a culvert, which it was intended should drain all that part of the city. Over this the large sewers from the hills emptied, but this far no effort has been made to influence the action of the delegates as a body. The platform and address will be the work, unimportuned and unadorned, of Southern men. If it seems good the Northern delegations will probably give it a formal endorsement. ISRAEL.

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THE LOYAL CONVENTION.

Immense Assemblage—The Prayer of Bishop Simpson—Its Moral Influence—The Great Convention—Importance of their Work—Grandeur of their Rendezvous.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]
PHILADELPHIA, September 8, 1866.

There the sympathies of Philadelphia are this political campaign, and "where my treasure will be on election day, this morning's paper will be an unmistakable index. The entire city, who serve a State in prosperity, is now under the occupation of the Johnson Convention. Filled to the brim of the occupation of Seward's and Johnson, did not bring. In the aggregate, much good will to the soldiers or aid to the cause of the Southern Union Convention has not. Philadelphia believes with the late Governor of Tennessee that "treason should be made odious," and that "traitors should be made to suffer." Has will vote where they will, and I cannot doubt that to-day has put thousands to General Geary's majority. It may be true that these Southern Unionists have no constituency. Johnson's policy has destroyed the spirit of manhood even in the South, and if the people of the South are rebellion could not terrify. It may that the loyalists are few in number, but that man is a host in himself. Moreover, the call of this Convention is the loyal nation to the assistance in the one case of the Executive, and their duty cannot but have its silent and stirring influence, even if every township of the State were to be represented.

The differences between the men—those of the counter-rebel Convention and those of this loyal Convention—the difference between the
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THE TROTTING WEEK.

Fourth Day—Silas Rich Again the Victor.

A most Exciting Race—Sale of Silas Rich—A Challenge for Cooley—The Race To-Day—Play or Pay.

The weather was quite unpropitious yesterday for trotting, so much so that it was generally believed in the city that there would be no race. This rendered doubly strong the fact that a new revolutionary body armed with usurped powers, the impeachment of the President may be invoked for the suppression of the meeting. What is there within its own corrupt and lawless resolves to restrain that assemblage of fanatics and demagogues from any act of enormity of folly and dissipation? With the same recklessness of right and reason with which they have usurped their seats and their powers there was distasteful or inconvenient to them, they will seek to eject Senator Doolittle from his seat and he will be compelled to appeal to the people against the usurpations of the Southern Congress and packed Committees will please provide spunkers and newspapers from our vicinity to the other.

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"I see," said the Admiral.

"Well, I'll be off, then, to get ready for the fight," said Farragut, "and you may count on me to do my best, and you know I never say more than I mean to do."

The Admiral embarked, and was immediately afterwards seen traveling for another part of the fleet.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

The party then returned to the platform, and this was the signal for a grand rush on the part of everybody to get a last look at the hero of the day, and each one was anxious to get over the ground previously the last call for signal was given for the boats to leave the shore. The throng pressed forward in such a manner that it was impossible to get through the crowd, and the consequence was a general scrambling of the persons on the platform to get down to the ground, and the party were precipitated two deep upon the ground, some on their feet and others on their heads or sides; and the other that the crowd was thoroughly augmented by the party and it was more comfortable than if otherwise would have been.

CLOSING SCENES.

Upon the return of the Knights Templars from the banquet tendered to them by the Apollo Commandery of this city, Sir Knight Gen. Wm. Sooy Smith, Commander, R. C., announced all visiting Sir Knights were invited to their respective quarters and duly attend according to the Masonic formula. Sir Knight Gen. Smith then announced the following list of the visiting Knights Templars, to meet in front of the Academy of Music, on Broad street, this afternoon, the Apollo Commandery saluted, and in order to march to the Grand Opera House, at the University. After which the other Commanderies were invited to follow in the order named, and a portion of which they occupied at the time of the reception of the Knights Templars:

From the general features of the day, everything went upon the wish and will of the people, and the Committee will be on hand for further public or Masonic conventions in connection with the Knights Templars, and the services of the members of the Committee left for their homes.

DOUGLAS MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

Shortly after the funeral of the great Senator, a number of influential gentlemen throughout the country met and formed the Douglas Monument Association, for the erection of a suitable monument to his memory. The meeting was held in Chicago, and the Association was formed by the appointment of Mr. Lincoln, of Illinois, as President, and Mr. Corcoran, of Washington, as Treasurer, combined any very honorable, and the Association has been organized for the past two years, and has been pushing up a subscription list, which will soon be very honorably, and would have proceeded with the erection of the monument, but for the war.

The Presidential party returned to the Sherman House, and a reception was held, at which the chief citizens, probably composed of persons who had been unable to get a sight of the procession in the morning.

SECOND TODAY.

Pocket pickers are reported to have been quite plentiful in the crowds. Several cases were reported of the operations of these gentry, and in one instance in particular, when one couple abstracted the pocket book of a lady, containing $70 in money, a diamond shoving pin, and narrowly escaped with a valuable gold watch. In this case the thieves were probably so many as two thousand persons, and the chances of the lady ever getting her property back were very small. She is not the first by many to lose on the occasion.

Several stands were erected on the east end of the grounds for the sale of the medal, which has been lately executed in one side with a likeness of Douglas struck in commemoration of the event. The profits accrued therefrom are for the benefit of the monument, and the material in-favor would be that there were not many applicants for the medal, as it is to be presented to the State Library, and is also to be presented to the State Library, and is also to be presented to the State Library, and is also